

**Acts 20:1-16, Ministry in Troas**  
**February 6, 1993**  
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**Overview**

1. *Historical*: Alternation of detailed bits of voyage and visits with previous churches. Cf. Christ's last trip to Jerusalem, the whole focus of Luke's gospel.
    - a) 19:21-22, Preparation to Depart from Ephesus
    - b) 20:1-6, Farewell to Greece: Macedonia (Phil. and Thess.), Greece (Corinth), Back through Mac. to Troas (7-12)
    - c) 20:13-16, From Troas to Miletus (17-38, message to the Ephesian Elders)
    - d) 21:1-3, Miletus to Tyre (4-6, meeting with believers)
    - e) 21:7, Ptolemais
    - f) 21:8, Caesarea (9-14, Agabus' prophecy)
    - g) 21:15-16, Caesarea to Jerusalem (17ff, events there)
  2. *Spiritual*: Working out the details of the Spirit's burden from ch.19. Various obstacles and how they are overcome:
    - a) Physical
    - b) Enemies
    - c) Well-meaning friends
    - d) His own natural attraction to those whom he is leaving.
- A. 19:21-22, Preparation to Depart**
1. Spirit's leading; contrast 16:6-9. There, the Spirit led step by step, and it would have been folly for Paul to impose a longer-range objective. Here, he has his marching orders, and we will see how he subdues lesser objectives in order to carry them out.
  2. Preparation via messengers
  3. Sometime between this and ch.20, wrote 1 Cor (16:5-9). Visit is planned, but he is still in Greece. Not sent with this team; cf. 1 Cor. 16:10, "if Timothy come"
- B. 20:1-6, Farewell to Greece**
1. About a year in vv. 1-3!
    - a) 2a, Macedonia (Philippi and Thessalonica), wrote 2 Cor.
    - b) 2b-3, Greece: in Corinth; wrote Romans.
  2. 3-4, team of seven Corinth -> Troas; Paul via Macedonia
  3. 5, Luke rejoins; has been at Philippi, where they celebrate Passover together.
  4. 6, took five days to cross the Aegean Sea; took only two going the other way in 16:11. --> a reminder that the journey is not trivial; it will take determination, strength, and courage to carry out the Spirit's burden. Not just "if it happens, it happens, and otherwise it wasn't to be."
- C. 20:7-12, Ministry in Troas**
- A valuable glimpse into the ordinary meetings of the church; important for us as we seek to pattern our worship after theirs. Characteristics of the meeting:

1. First day of the week.
  - a) Cf. 1 Cor. 16. for the other evidence that this was the common meeting time of the believers.
  - b) All four gospels (Matt. 28:1; Mark 16:2; Luke 24:1; John 20:1) explicitly mention this day as the time of the resurrection.
  - c) --> Shift from God's rest from the first creation (seventh day) to the time when the Lord rested from the new creation (first).
2. Purpose: to break bread. This was the center of their meeting, not an occasional addition to it.
3. Accompanied with lengthy instruction by Paul.
4. Had social as well as ceremonial aspect
  - a) Eating distinct from the eucharist, v.11
  - b) talked until dawn
    - 1) both the informality of the conversation,
    - 2) and its duration beyond any reasonable limits for a set meeting
  - c) Their concern for the young man.

**D. 20:13-16, Troas to Miletus**

The itinerary here is typical of how people traveled by boat: "coasting" from one town to the next along the shore. Two unexpected details catch Luke's attention:

1. 13, Paul's Solitude. The geography here requires that a boat travel nearly 40 miles around Cape Lectum, while there is a straight road of only 20. He takes advantage of this circumstance to gain some solitude, even as the Lord withdrew into a desert place to pray, and on one occasion (Mark 6:45,46) he even sent his disciples away by boat to gain some solitude! (Luke does not have this episode in his gospel, so deliberate parallel is unlikely, but see Luke 4:42; 6:12; 22:39 "as he was wont.")

*Application:* If the Lord needed time alone with his heavenly father, and if the Apostle Paul thought it important to follow his example, so should we. Recall OT emphasis on "seeking God"; Psa. 63:1,2.

We may be able to guess the object of his meditations. The experience in Troas brings to the fore the tension he feels between carrying out his local immediate ministry and fulfilling the long-range burden that the Spirit has given him. He would love to stay among his friends throughout Turkey and minister; yet the Spirit is calling him on to Jerusalem and Rome. Perhaps this walk is to sort out his priorities, leading to the decision to pass by Ephesus.

2. 14-16, Passing by Ephesus. Shows Paul's sense of priorities, perhaps refined by his walk from Troas. He had spent a year in Macedonia and Greece; had not

been able to get away from Troas in less than a week; imagine the delay if he were to be back among the believers in Ephesus! But if he will not go to them, still he can call them to him for a farewell, which occupies our next study.

### Summary

Sometimes God leads only a step at a time (ch. 16:6-9); other times he gives a clear, long-range burden. We need to learn to keep these straight.

**Hymn:** Guide Me, Oh thou Great Jehovah

### Analysis

- A. 19:21-22, Paul Prepares to Depart
1. 19:21 (Ws de\ e)plhrw/qh tau^ta,
  2. e)/qeto o( Pau^los e)n tw^| pneu/mati
    - a) dielqw\n th\n Makedoni/an kai\ )Axai/+an
    - b) poreu/esqai ei)s (Ieroso/luma,
    - c) ei)pw\n o(/ti Meta\ to\ gene/sqai me e)kei^ dei^ me kai\ (Rw/mhn i)dei^n.
  3. 19:22 a)postei/las de\ ei)s th\n Makedoni/an du/o tw^an diakonou/ntwn au)tw^|, Timo/qeon kai\ )/Eraston,
  4. au)to\s e)pe/sxen xro/non ei)s th\n )Asi/an.
- B. 20:1-6, From Ephesus to Troas
1. e)ch^lqen
    - a) 1 Meta\ de\ to\ pau/sasqai to\n qo/rubon
    - b) metapemya/menos o( Pau^los tou\s maghta\s
    - c) kai\ parakale/sas,
    - d) a)spasa/menos
    - e) poreu/esqai ei)s Makedoni/an.
  2. h)^lqen ei)s th\n (Ella/da,
    - a) 2 dielqw\n de\ ta\ me/rh e)kei^na
    - b) kai\ parakale/sas au)tou\s lo/gw| pollw^|
    - c) 3 poih/sas te mh^nas trei^s
  3. e)ge/neto gnw/mhs tou^ u(postre/fein dia\ Makedoni/as.
    - a) genome/nhs e)piboulh^s au)tw^| u(po\ tw^an )Ioudai/wn
    - b) me/llonti a)na/gesqai ei)s th\n Suri/an
  4. 4 sunei/peto de\ au)tw^| Sw/patros Pu/rrou Beroiai^os, Qessalonike/wn de\ )Ari/starxos kai\ Sekou^ndos, kai\ Ga/i+os Derbai^os kai\ Timo/qeos, )Asianoi\ de\ Tuxiko\s kai\ Tro/fimos.
  5. 5 ou(^toi de\ proelqo/ntes e)/menon h(ma^s e)n Trw|a/di:
  6. 6 h(mei^s de\ e)cepleu/samen meta\ ta\s h(me/ras tw^an a)zu/mwn a)po\ Fili/ppwn,
  7. kai\ h)/lqomen pro\s au)tou\s ei)s th\n Trw|a/da a)/xri h(merw^an pe/nte,
  8. o(/pou dietri/yamen h(me/ras e)pta/.
- C. 20:7-12, Ministry in Troas
1. 7 )En de\ th^| mia^| tw^an sabba/twn sunhgme/nwn h(mw^an kla/sai a)/rton o( Pau^los diele/geto au)toi^s, me/llwn e)cie/nai th^| e)pau/rion,
  2. pare/teine/n te to\n lo/gon me/xri mesonukti/ou.

3. 8 h)^san de\ lampa/des i(kanai\ e)n tw^| u(perw/|w| ou(^ h)^men sunhgme/noi:
4. e)/pesen a)po\ tou^ triste/gou ka/tw
  - a) 9 kagezo/menos de/ tis neani/as o)no/mati Eu)/tuxos e)pi\  
th^s quri/dos,
  - b) katafero/menos u(/pnw| baqei^
  - c) dialegome/nou tou^ Pau/lou e)pi\  
plei^on,
  - d) katenexqei\s a)po\ tou^ u(/pnou
5. kai\ h)/rgh nekro/s.
6. 10 kataba\s de\ o( Pau^los e)pe/pesen au)tw^|
7. kai\ sumperilabw\n ei)^pen,
  - a) Mh\ qorubei^sqe,
  - b) h( ga\r yuxh\ au)tou^ e)n au)tw^| e)stin.
8. 11 a)naba\s de\ kai\ kla/sas to\n a)/rton kai\ geusa/menos e)f'  
i(kano/n te o(milh/sas a)/xri au)gh^s ou(/tws e)ch^lqen.
9. 12 h)/gagon de\ to\n pai^da zw^nta,
10. kai\ pareklh/qhsan ou) metri/ws.

D. 20:13-16, From Troas to Miletus  
Two itineraries and two reasons

1. reason p
  - a) text: 13 (Hmei^s de\ proelqo/ntes e)pi\  
to\ ploi^on a)nh/xqhmen e)pi\  
th\n )^Asson, e)kei^qen me/llontes  
a)nalamba/nein to\n Pau^lon,
  - b) reason: ou(/tws ga\r diatetagme/nos h)^n me/llwn au)to\s  
pezeu/ein.
2. reason p
  - a) text:
    - 1) 14 w(s de\ sune/ballen h(mi^n ei)s th\n )^Asson,  
a)nalabo/ntes au)to\n h)/lqomen ei)s Mitulh/nhn,
    - 2) 15 ka)kei^qen a)popleu/santes th^| e)piou/sh\  
kathnth/samen a)/ntikrus Xi/ou,
    - 3) th^| de\ e(te/ra| pareba/lomen ei)s Sa/mon,
    - 4) th^| de\ e)xome/nh| h)/lqomen ei)s Mi/lhton:
  - b) reason:
    - 1) 16 kekri/kei ga\r o( Pau^los parapleu^sai th\n )/Efeson,
    - 2) o(/pws mh\ ge/nhtai au)tw^| xronotribh^sai e)n th^|  
)Asi/a|,
    - 3) e)/speuden ga\r ei) dunato\n ei)/h au)tw^| th\n h(me/ran  
th^s penthkosth^s gene/sqai ei)s (Ieroso/luma.